OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1747. [N°. 170.]

Atque hic Priamiden laceratum corpore toto
Deiphobum vidi, lacerum crudeliter.— VIRG.

IN a late Paper ſome Notice was taken of the infamous Arts that have been uſed to ſupport ill-gotten Power, by attacking a *Character* that ought to be ſacred in the Eyes of the People. It is my Duty, as *Inſpector-General* for the Public-Weal, to warn my Countrymen of ſuch Practices, to expoſe baſe Calumny, and clear injur'd Virtue. Theſe Practices are the more dangerous, as flowing from a Quarter that naturally ſhould be the moſt unſuſpected. The Tales, the Whiſpers of *Jacobites* loſe their Venom, becauſe diſcerning Men are aware of the Intereſt that ſpreads them; but the beſt Men may be impos'd on, if the Servants of the C——n ſhould propagate any malicious Invectives againſt any of the Royal Branches. How can the ſimple of Heart conceive that there can be Men capable, not only of ſowing Diviſions in the moſt auguſt Family in the Kingdom, but of undermining the common Intereſt of it, and paving the Way for the *Pretender*, by debauching the Minds of the Subjects, and hazarding the Welfare of the whole to gratify their own Picques, or to ſecure themſelves againſt their own Fears? Moſt wretched would be the State of that Nation, where the Intereſt of one or two private Families is ſet in Competition with the Safety of the Proteſtant Succeſſion! Surely, the Security of Miniſters is not to be purchaſed by the Defamation of Princes! Can no Honours content the former, but what are complicated with Inſults to the latter? Have the one ſo outſtript all their Competitors in the Rivalſhip of Glory, that none are left worthy to contend with them but the Sons of their Maſter?—And muſt the Sons of their Maſter be defeated too, by the ſame mean Inſinuations of Slander with which they ſubverted all their other Concurrents? Was it ſo unpardonable a Crime in an *illuſtrious Perſon* to have lent his powerful Hand towards removing a former invidious Miniſter, whoſe Fall was then the Object of the Nation's Wiſhes, that the Diſciples of that Miniſter ſhould perſecute the illuſtrious Patriot with unceaſing Hatred and Malice?

Let me refreſh the Memory of my Countrymen with that ſignal Event; let me remind them of the Vows they made to Heaven for the Accompliſhment of their Wiſhes, and how deſervedly they honour'd *him* who preferr'd the Inclinations of the People to the Intereſt he might thereafter have, to make him diſlike eſtabliſhing ſuch a Precedent.—Let me direct their Eyes to a *Groupe* of Perſons, who, having plum'd themſelves in ſerving under his *princely* Banners in the Cauſe of Liberty, and, from Indigence and Obſcurity, were called forth by his Bounty to Honours, to Wealth, to Credit, and to Preferment, have baſely deſerted to the vanquiſh'd Party, have been guilty of the blackeſt Ingratitude to their great Patron, have, with audacious *Bronſe*, joined his Enemies, and contributed to the Malice, the Lies, the Detraction, the Affronts, that the *Faction* have heaped on their illuſtrious Benefactor.

I am perſwaded my Countrymen will be ſo far from ſuffering themſelves to be impoſed upon, that they will reject with Scorn, all the vile Inſinuations of a *Faction*, who, at the Expence of the common Good, are laying the Foundations of their own Power in a Scene of Horror, that may involve this Country in endleſs Animoſities, and perhaps Bloodſhed. The fatal Civil Wars, that have formerly torn *Old England* to Pieces, bear too miſerable Teſtimonies how ſoon the Royal Authority is openly attacked, when the Allegiance of the Subjects is once poiſon'd, and the Perſons or Reputation of their Princes leſſened in their Eyes: But theſe are Proſpects that we are never likely to ſee among ourſelves: His Majeſty is moſt deſervedly dear to all his Subjects, who pour forth unfeigned Prayers for his Life and Glory. His Royal Heir is Maſter of all his great Father's Virtues, and deſervedly ſhares in all the Vows that are offer'd to Heaven for the Preſervation of a Family that have done ſuch ſignal Services to Liberty and *Great Britain*. But there is no great Quality that more conſpicuouſly ſhines forth in the laſt, than his Piety and Affection for the Church of *England*. Senſible of the Cauſe for which his illuſtrious Anceſtors were call'd to wear the Crown, he particularly diſtinguiſhes himſelf by his Zeal for the Proteſtant Religion: The Clergy are conſtantly the favour'd Objects of his Notice; he takes every Opportunity to reſcue them from the Contempt that they have ſo long labour'd under, and is always firſt to ſet the Example of Reſpect that is due to the Preachers of the Goſpel: His own Confidence and Countenance are eminently beſtow'd upon them: His Royal Offspring are trained up in the ſame pious Sentiments. What Hopes may not the Clergy promiſe themſelves from a Race of Princes who remove their Throne into the Sanctuary? What Bleſſings muſt attend a People, when the Miniſters of Heaven are *reſtor'd* into the Councils of their Princes; and when the wearing the Badges of the Lord ſhall not be deemed an Excluſion from Offices of State, and the Favours of the Sovereign.

Nor is the Protection of Learning, that of late neglected Drug, leſs eminently the Care of his R—— H———s. Has not every Branch of it been diſtinguiſh'd by him, every Man, conſpicuous in the Republic of Letters, or rewarded by his Bounty, or honour'd by his Friendſhip? The Fountains of Learning look upon him as their Patron; 'tis his Smiles muſt diſpel the Clouds that the Sons of Dullneſs, and Folly, and Ignorance, have ſuffer'd to overſpread thoſe *Palladian* Towers. As the Clergy has been moſt remarkably neglected by late Miniſtries, (if we except the ſhort Gleam that ſhot upon them from the Countenance of a much-envied *Genius*, who for a little time adorn'd the State and Commonwealth of Learning) — there's no Doubt but they will uſe all their Arms, — of Prayers, of Vows, and Inſtruction, to ſupport the Character of their injur'd Protector in its true Light, to endear him to a People that he loves, to pull down Bleſſings on him and his little ones, and to defeat the Malice and Deſigns of his Enemies.

They will tell the People of his Clemency, that has lately ſhone forth ſo brightly, even in Interceſſions for thoſe perfidious Rebels, who had meditated the Overthrow of his Houſe.— But as there were no Dangers which he did not offer to riſk for his Royal Father and his Country, no Reſentment which he did not feel againſt the bold Invaders of them, and the wicked Chiefs and other Inſtruments that deluded the Fidelity of his Father's Subjects,— ſo every Motive of Compaſſion affected him for the unhappy Wretches, who had been the ignorant and blinded Tools of thoſe deſigning Men.—*Sentiments* worthy a Prince, abhorrent of Blood-Thirſtineſs! Tho' angry when attack'd, yet full of Forgiveneſs when triumphant! Reſembling his Royal Father in this peculiar Attribute of Majeſty, who has always given the ſtrongeſt Proofs of his thinking himſelf the Father of his People, by the Reluctance he has ſhewed to ſhed Blood: There is not a Drop will cry to Heaven againſt *him*.

Such Diſpoſitions endear Princes to their People. If the *Engliſh* have given Proofs of their ſturdy Fierceneſs, in controuling ſuch of their Monarchs as have attempted to extend the Prerogative, or if they have incurr'd the fooliſh Cenſure of ſlaviſh Nations, who reſpect even the Errors of their Sovereigns, at leaſt they may vie with the moſt bigotted Subjects in Affection, as often as they have been bleſt with good Princes. The Reign of Queen *Elizabeth* is remarkable for nothing more than the voluntary Aſſociations which her Subjects enter'd into for her Defence: The like Zeal for his preſent Majeſty has ſhone forth as conſpicuouſly. All the Poiſon which our late *occaſional* Patriots, by malignant Speeches within Doors, tried to infuſe into the Minds of the People, on the Subject of the *Hanover* Troops, had no other Effect than to raiſe thoſe mock Patriots to high Places; it left not the leaſt Impreſſion on the People, who ſhew'd they knew how to value the lenient Virtues of their Monarch on the Throne: They unanimouſly roſe in his Defence againſt that deluded *Pretender*, who, too late finding himſelf ſo, declar'd the Inducement to his Attempt had its Foundation in the Diſſatisfaction which he imagined had been raiſed by the aggravated Affair of the *Hanoverians*, and the perſonal Aſperſions caſt upon the Royal Houſe from the Mouths of contemptible Boys, and Profeſſors of the Oratory of *Billingſgate*; which, with Shame and Confuſion I mention it, we have ſeen approved and rewarded: But the ſame People who can diſtinguiſh the Merit of the Sovereign, can diſcern the Demerits of his M———s; however apt to be impatient under Oppreſſion from the Throne, yet will they not ſuffer the Throne to be oppreſſed. Protection and Defence are mutual Obligations on Prince and People: 'Tis the Province of the firſt to take Care that his M———s do not lay unneceſſary Burthens on his Subjects, as it is the Duty of the latter to prevent ſuch M———s, as have engroſſed Power by a *Faction*, from laying illegal Reſtraints on the Royal Will: For in Free Governments, like this, a Miniſter, of a moderate Capacity, may form a Faction and tyrannize over his Maſter as well as over his Fellow-Subjects. In *Sweden*, where the different Parts of their Conſtitution are not ſo wiſely balanced as in our own, we hear of continual Hardſhips which a prevailing *Faction* in the Senate impoſe upon their Sovereign: They frequently force him to approve and eſtabliſh what tends to confirm his own Dependence and their Power. The famous *Peerage-Bill* in the late Reign, is ſaid to have had a Tendency that Way; though ſome are of Opinion, that it was calculated by the great Miniſter then at the Helm, rather againſt the factious Power and corrupt Diſpoſition he had experienced in the noted *Norfolk Faction*, who traduc'd it as a Device of the Miniſtry to ſecure their own Power againſt the *next Heir*, by making ſure of a Majority in the upper Houſe, which might for ever check the Popularity they foreſaw he muſt have in the lower. If the Bill had any thing of that Kind in View, it was very unjuſtifiable as well as unconſtitutional, and was the more dangerous, as it was under the Conduct of a very able Miniſter, who however was defeated in his Purpoſe, merely from an Apprehenſion that the Rights of the Royal Succeſſor was affected by it, by ſhackling up his munificent Hands from diſtributing the Marks of Royal Favour and Benevolence in the Reward of Virtue. This was a noble Spirit! and 'tis hop'd the like

w[illegible]le wanting in Favour of an injur'd Succeſſor, however formidably menaced.

We can't forget who was then a buſy, meddling Trifler in that Affair, who, after having received the higheſt Honour himſelf, to correſpond with his new maternal Eſtate, was joining his little officious Efforts to exclude others; ſo early appeared the Prejudice he had conceiv'd in his Heart againſt the illuſtrious Succeſſor! He had undertaken to anſwer for Sir *Richard Steele*'s favouring the Scheme, but finding his Virtue inflexible, he peremptorily aſk'd him, why he was againſt the Bill; *Becauſe*, anſwer'd the Knight, *I would not have your G—ce's Son a Tyrant, nor my own a Slave.*

Some little Time previous to that Occaſion, there were a great many Commoners raiſed to the Honour of the Peerage; which ſeem'd to foretel what was in Agitation, when ſuch high Honours become over-frequently conferr'd upon *little Merit*: It generally gives an Apprehenſion they are proſtituted for ſome *occaſional* Revolution in Politics, and ſtirs up the laudably-jealous Attention of every Friend to the Conſtitution of his Country, and the *real* Honour of the Crown.

Whoever is converſant in modern Hiſtory, muſt know the Weight which the Cardinal-Nephew, or Prime-Miniſter, has in the Conclave, by the Number of Hats which he has beſtow'd on his Creatures, who, if they cannot raiſe their Patron to the Papacy, can at leaſt often nominate whomſoever he chooſes to the Succeſſion.

I recollect a dreadful Inſtance wherein ſuch Apprehenſions of a Miniſtry drove them to the moſt horrid Extremities: It was the Caſe of the virtuous and gallant Don *Carlos*, Heir apparent to *Philip* the Second of *Spain*. This unfortunate Prince had let drop ſome Hints of his Diſapprobation of ſome of his Father's Miniſters: Theſe were the Duke *d'Abba*, who, as the elegant Hiſtorian the Abbè *St. Real* ſays, *judg'd it was Time to begin to fortify himſelf againſt the Prince's growing Authority*; and *Rui Gomez, who, having the abſolute Diſpoſal of the Finances, was afraid that the Prince, who was naturally generous, would for the future take upon himſelf to grant Favours, and leave nothing to others but the meer Merit of executing them.* Theſe two Men took every Opportunity to miſrepreſent the Prince, both to his King and to the People; to the former, *His Enemies neglected no Opportunity to cut off all Means of Reconciliation between his Father and him*; and to the latter, *They prevented every Acceſſion of Dignity that could recommend him to the Eyes of the Multitude: When he demanded the Command of the Army in* Flanders, *it would be difficult*, ſays the Hiſtorian, *to expreſs to what a Degree* Rui Gomez *and the Duke* d'Abba *were alarm'd at this Deſign. The Authority, that an Employment of ſuch Conſequence would give to the Heir-Apparent, appear'd evident Ruin for them: They foreſaw, that at his Return from this Expedition, in which he would infallibly ſucceed, the Prince would become his Father's Firſt Miniſter, and that they muſt depend upon him.* What a melancholy Cataſtrophe theſe Reflections occaſion'd is too well known; it is ſufficient to repeat the Words of the Biographer of this illuſtrious Unfortunate: *They had no Repoſe 'till they had completed his Deſtruction.* But now I have digreſſed to this Anecdote, which I muſt own had nothing to do with, nor bears any Reſemblance in any Light to my Subject, or to the preſent Times, I muſt do ſo much Juſtice to the Memory of that lamented Hero, as to tranſcribe one more Paſſage of his Hiſtorian: *The exalted Spirit and the heroic Inclinations of the unfortunate Don* Carlos *were at laſt repreſented under their proper Title of Virtues, after having been ſo long diſguis'd by his Enemies under the Name of Vices.*

☞ *We hear a Codicil is to be annexed to the late Act of Grace, to indemnify certain noble Perſonages, in caſe the late notorious Violation of the Freedom of Elections, in Favour of the ſtigmatiz'd* Bronſo, *ſhould be examined in a ſolemn Manner.*

LONDON.

We hear that ſeveral ſenior Captains of the Navy will reſign, and be put upon Half-Pay as Rear-Admirals, on Account of their being ſet aſide in the late Promotion of Admirals.

Monday ended the Scrutiny between Sir James Creed, Knt. and William Belcher, Eſq; Candidates for the Borough of Southwark; and the Bailiff has adjourned the Court 'till next Tueſday at St. Margaret's Hill, when he will declare which of the Candidates is duly elected a Member to ſerve in the enſuing Parliament.

This Day the Corpſe of the late Earl of Darnley, will be interr'd in a pompous Manner in Weſtminſter-Abbey, after lying in State at the Jeruſalem Chamber.

Monday the Lady of Mr. Mackenzie, late Earl of Cromartie, was brought to-bed in the Tower of a Daughter. Two Men Midwives were permitted by the Government to attend her upon that Occaſion.

Laſt Week died, at his Seat at Caſtle Bramage in Warwickſhire, in an advanced Age, Sir John Bridgeman, Bart. He is ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by Orlando Bridgeman, Eſq; of St. James's Square, his eldeſt Son, now Sir Orlando Bridgeman, Bart.

Laſt Saturday ſeveral Wheelwrights were ſent from Woolwich and Deptford Yards to embark for Fluſhing, to make Carriages for the Allied Army; they are each of them to have 24s. a Week.

Several Perſons that keep Coaches, &c. have been convicted, and paid the Fine, for not entering and paying the Duty thereon, purſuant to the late Act.

One thouſand Informations, it is ſaid, are ordered to be tried before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, againſt Perſons retailing Spirituous Liquors without a Licence.

Wedneſday John Cook and Richard Aſhcraft, the two Smugglers, were carried in a Dart from Newgate to Tyburn, guarded by a Detachment of the Guards, and executed according to their Sentence; their Bodies were afterwards hung on a Gibbet near James Hall (for the Murder of his Maſter Counſellor Penny) at Sheppard's Buſh, in the Road to Acton.

Laſt Wedneſday an Order came to the Governor of Cheſter Caſtle, to diſcharge out of his Cuſtody, purſuant to his Majeſty's Act of Grace, Mr. Geo. Straham, James Gordon, Edward Stanwell, Joſeph Pennington, Samuel M'Carty, Simon Stanmore, Richard Brett, and James Evans.

The Diſtemper among the Horned Cattle continuing ſtill in ſome Parts of the County of Suffolk, the Magiſtrates of Ipſwich have, in Purſuance of his Majeſty's Order of Council, given ſtrict Orders that no Horned Cattle ſhall be brought to the Fair to be held there on the 11th of Auguſt.

Laſt Sunday Night two Stacks of Hay, belonging to Mr. Francis Hayter, a Farmer at Illing in Surry, which conſiſted of above 50 Load, was ſet on Fire by ſome malicious Perſons, and burnt to the Ground; and had not immediate Aſſiſtance been given by the Neighbours, his Houſe, Barns, Stables, &c. would have been entirely deſtroyed.

Laſt Monday Night a melancholy Accident happened at a Public Houſe near Covent-Garden. Some Men came into the Houſe, and call'd for a Pint of Beer, and while the Miſtreſs of the Houſe went to draw the Beer the Men went into the Kitchen, where they found the Maſter of the Houſe aſleep, they awaken'd him, and told him they had got a Warrant againſt him for about 3 l upon which the Victualler deſir'd they would ſit down, and he would pay the Money, but the Officers refuſed, and told the Victualler he ſhould go with them directly, or they would tear him to Pieces; the Victualler anſwer'd, it was more than they could do, for that they were to do their Duty, and no more, and if he paid the Money he would not go out of his Houſe. They had with them a Maſtiff-Dog, of the largeſt Breed, which they ſpoke to by the Words, *Hold him*; the Dog immediately faſten'd upon the Victualler, and tore his Face in a terrible Manner; and had it not been for ſome People being in the Houſe at that Time, who entreated the Bailiffs to pull off the Dog, which they refuſed to do, untill it was declar'd by the Spectators the Dog ſhould be kill'd, it was believed the Dog would have tore out his Throat. The Victualler lies dangerouſly ill with the Bites of the Dog, and the Blows he received from the Bailiffs.

Tueſday one Williams a Shoemaker and his Wife, having been drinking for ſometime at a Publick-houſe at Holborn Bridge, went home to their Lodging in Shoe-lane, where Words ariſing between them, the Woman in her Paſſion took up a Knife and ſtabb'd him in the Back, as he lay on the Bed, of which Wound he died in a few Minutes; whereupon ſhe was ſecured and carried before a Magiſtrate, who committed her to Jail.

Thurſday Afternoon as a Coach was driving down a Lane in Cheapſide, to make Way for the Trained Bands to march by, it run over a Boy, and unhappily broke his Leg.

On Tueſday two young Gentlemen riding with great Speed againſt each other from Knightſbridge to Brumpton, one of them was flung from his Horſe, and killed on the Spot.

Laſt Monday Morning the Grandaughter of Mrs. Jones of St. James's-Street, a Child about five Years old, being at School, a Woman went to the School-Miſtreſs in her Name, and aſk'd for the Child, ſaying ſhe was wanted to go abroad with her Grandmother; the Miſtreſs deſir'd ſhe might ſtay to read firſt, but the Woman ſaid ſhe muſt come directly; on which the Child went with her, but inſtead of taking her home, ſhe carried her into the Fields beyond St. Giles's where ſhe ſtript her of her Cloaths, and took the Silver Buckles out of her Shoes, and Gold Wires out of her Ears, and there left her crying; but luckily ſoon after the Child was known by an Acquaintance of Mrs. Jones, and brought home, without any other Damage than the Loſs of the Things, and the Fright of the Parent.

On Wedneſday Night about 11 o'Clock, one Mr. Richard Smith, belonging to the Salt-Office, was attacked in St. George's Fields, Southwark, as he was returning from his Brother's, a Gardener in Lambeth Marſh, and robb'd of Five Guineas, and very much bruiſed.

Letters from ſeveral Parts of the Country adviſe, that there is a Proſpect of as plentiful a Harveſt for Grain as has been known for many Years paſt.

From Canterbury, in particular, that Hops are exceeding fine and plentiful, and that a greater Proſpect of Wheat and Grain has not been known in the Memory of Man.

Letters from Barbados bring Advice, that his Majeſty's Ships the Ludlow Caſtle, and the Mary, Cally, from Guiney, are arrived at that Iſland. Capt. William Bulley, Commander of the Ludlow Caſtle, died on the Coaſt of Guiney, much lamented.——He commanded the Sheerneſs Man of War, under Admiral Vernon, in the Time of the late Rebellion, and took the Soliel Privateer of Dunkirk, going to Scotland, on board of which, among others, was Charles Ratcliffe, Eſq; ſince beheaded on Little Tower-Hill.

Orders are given for building, with the utmoſt Expedition, ſeveral Men of War from 20 to 50 Guns.

We hear that ſeveral Ships of Force are ordered to ſail from the Nore, to cruize off the Northern and Eaſtern Coaſts, for the Protection of the Trade.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, July 26.

" On Monday laſt arrived at Spithead, his Majeſty's Ship the Lion, with the Domingo Ships taken by herſelf, as likewiſe thoſe taken by the Glouceſter, &c. under her Convoy from Plymouth: She has been 17 Days beating from thence.

On Sunday Evening the Jamaica Sloop of War ſail'd on a Cruize.

Yeſterday arrived at Spithead from Plymouth, his Majeſty's Ship the Romney, with ſeven Sail of large Tranſports full of Soldiers, the Tranſports came directly into the Harbour."

They write from Genoa of the 8th Inſtant, N. S. that Numbers of People ſtill continue to die of the Diſeaſes occaſioned by their cloſe Confinement during the Siege, that a great Body of Auſtrian Troops remain at the Bocchetta, and that the Country round about was ſo intirely ruined, that they could ſcarce draw from it any Subſiſtence. On the other Hand they ſay, that the King of the Two Sicilies made them a Preſent of three armed Veſſels, compleatly equipped and manned, which were already put to Sea under Genoeſe Colours; that the Marquis de Fogliani, Prime Miniſter to that Monarch, had given Aſſurances to the Senate, that his Majeſty's Forces were on the Point of marching to their Aſſiſtance, and that they expected ſix or ſeven thouſand Spaniſh Troops hourly from Monaco; which, joined to the Troops of the Republick, and the Auxiliaries before arrived, would enable them to take the Field with an Army of twenty Thouſand Men, for the Uſe of which they were actually preparing two Trains, one of Field Pieces, the other of battering Cannon.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, July 25. They write from Whitehaven, that there was lately taken in Sir John Pennington, Bart's Boundary, a large Salmon, two Foot four Inches round, four Foot ſix Inches long, from Eye to Eye (over the Head) ſix Inche 3 qrs. the Tail 13 Inches and a Half broad. The Fiſh weigh'd 53 lb. and many Perſons affirm'd, that they never ſaw the like, and that it eat well.

Laſt Monday John Stephenſon, Eſq; an eminent Wine Merchant, was unanimouſly elected an Alderman of this Corparation, in the room of William Elliſon, Eſq; deceaſed.

Glouceſter, July 25. We hear from Leominſter in Herefordſhire, that on Wedneſday Night laſt, a Barrel of Gun Powder, in the Houſe of Mr. Southwell, of that Place Ironmonger, catch'd Fire, and blew off the upper Part of the ſaid Houſe, leaving in it Flames; but by timely Aſſiſtance they were happily extinguiſh'd: By which Accident one of his Children had one of its Legs torn to Pieces, an and oppoſite Neighbour all his Shop-Windows broke.

IRELAND.

Dublin, July 21. Laſt Week Mr. James Cooley, late Warden of the Corporation of Taylors, or Guild of St. John the Baptiſt, Dublin, was preſented by the junior Brethren of the ſaid Corporation with a Gold Medal, with the Corporation Arms chaſed thereon, and this Inſcription over them, *Not equal Reward to your Merit*; and underneath, *The Gift of the Junior Brethren of the Corporation of Taylors to J. Cooley, late Warden*; and on the Reverſe, *Henry Duggan, Maſter, George Bowes, Ezekeah Woodward, Wardens, 1747.*

Laſt Week died, after a ſhort Illneſs, Mrs. Symes, of Ballyarthur, in the County of Wicklow, Wife of the Rev. Dean Symes; by whoſe Death an Eſtate of 400 l. a Year (which he enjoyed during her Life) is now fallen to Richard Symes of Ballybegg, Eſq;

Laſt Saturday died, at her Father's Houſe at Stephen's Green, Miſs Roberts, Daughter of Robert Roberts, Eſq;

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, July 23. Yesterday at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon died here, aged 50 Years, the Right Hon. Margaret Lady Sinclair, Daughter to the Earl of Galloway, and Sister to the present Earl. She was first married to Robert late Earl of Southesk, and afterwards to John the present Lord Sinclair, and has left no Issue.

Extract of a Letter from on Board Capt. Steel of Leith, dated at Inverness, July 28.

"Monday last, being in Company with the Experiment Man of War off Speymouth in Murray, a French Privateer, mounting 6 or 8 Carriage Guns, of three and four Pounders, and 8 Swivels, with 48 Men, came up to attack us, but, on finding her Mistake, made off as fast as she could, whereupon the Experiment gave Chace; the Privateer finding the Man of War coming too fast up with her, made for Tarbotness, off which we lay all that Night, in order to watch her Motions. Next Morning there being little Wind, the Privateer put out twelve Oars, endeavoured to row away, and would have pass'd the Man of War, but Capt. Steel's Ship being to Windward, bore down upon, and fired several Guns at her, which she returned, and then run up a River near Tain in Rossshire; upon which the Man of War, sent some Hands on Board us, and desired the Captain, to go up after her, which he accordingly did, and having come up, exchanged several Broadsides with her, and then she run further up the River, where we could not come for want of Water; but we mann'd our Boat, went up, and took her: She lies now at Cromarty with the Man of War."

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Hague, July 25, *N. S.* As the Placart to prohibit the Exportation of all Warlike and Naval Stores has not been deemed sufficient, the States General have published another within these few Days; by which they extend the former Placart, and prohibit the Selling of all Ships and Vessels to Strangers, on Pain of Forfeiture of the same, and a Fine to be paid both by the Buyer, and Seller, of twice the Value of the Vessel so confiscated; but in Case the said Ship or Vessel cannot be seized, the Penalty is to be extended to three Times the Value.

Hague, July 28, *N. S.* The Detachment from his Royal Highness's Army, under the Command of Prince Waldeck, got safe to Duynendaal, within two Leagues of Bois-le-duc, the 25th Instant; and the next Day was at Wenche, where they were to be joined by the 3000 Hessians. It is said, that the Troops from Wurtzburgh landed at Arnheim three Days ago.

Hague, July 23, *O. S.* Mr. Yorke, Aid de Camp to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, arriv'd here Yesterday from the Army; having Audience of the Stadtholder, he continued his Rout for Bergen-op-zoom; from whence we have no News, but that the Garrison and the Forts defend themselves couragiously, that the Enemy have made no Progress, and that there is arrived from Zealand a Company of Volunteers, who distinguish themselves upon all Occasions, and undertake every Thing that is the most dangerous and difficult to execute. Several Passengers, who set out Yesterday from Breda, and arrived here this Day, report, that they did not hear the Cannon of the Place, nor that of the Enemy, neither Yesterday nor last Night; and we wait impatiently to know the Reason of this Cessation.

Hague, August 1, *N. S.* Prince Waldeck has resign'd the Command of the Republic's Forces, and is retir'd to his Estates in Germany. General Swartbemburgh, who now commands, will be with his Troops at Breda this Day. All the Letters received this Day from Madrid agree, that the Queen Dowager of Spain was ordered to remove directly to one of the four Towns left to her Choice for her Residence; and that the Cardinal Infant had likewise received Orders to repair to the Archbishoprick of Toledo.

Extract of a Letter written in the Lines of Berg-op-zoom, *dated July* 19. *O. S.*

"The French have been vigorously repulsed, and with great Loss, in the Attack which they made the 17th of this Month against the Fort of Kyk in de Pot. The Affair was very sharp, though we had only an Ensign killed, and ten Men wounded. We make a continual Fire upon the Enemy, as well from the Town as the Lines. On the 19th, the Troops of the Garrison, and those in the Lines, were order'd to be upon their Guard; upon Advice received from divers Deserters, that the Enemy intended to make a general Assault upon Fort Rover. It seems however, that the terrible and continual Fire which was made in the Night, as well from the Artillery as Small Arms, prevented them from Executing their Design. But at Break of Day we made a Sally, whereby the Enemy lost many Men; we ruined a great Part of their Works, and fill'd their Trenches: So that it will be twice twenty-four Hours before Things are reinstated. A little while after this Affair, the Enemy demanded a Suspension of Arms for two Hours only, in order to bury their Dead; but they were refused, and our People continued to make a furious Fire upon them from the Fort. As soon as the Reinforcement under Baron Swartzenbourgh arrives, we hope with the Assistance of Heaven to oblige the Enemy to renounce their Enterprize."

GERMANY.

Vienna, July 11, *O. S.* Count Schulemburg arrived Yesterday at this City from Italy, and to Day is gone to Schonbrun, to make a Report to their Imperial Majesties of all that passed in the Imperial Army before Genoa. There has been lately sent to the Low Countries a magnificent Coach, as a Present from the Empress-Queen to the Duke of Cumberland, and her Imperial Majesty has appointed the Baron de Rembach to present it to his Royal Highness.

TURKY.

Constantinople, June 22, *O. S.* Every Thing is very quiet here since the Renewal of the Treaties between the Porte and the Courts of Vienna and Petersburgh. This grand Affair, which has been happily terminated in spight of all the Efforts of some evil minded People to make it miscarry, fully proves the Falsity of the Reports which their Adherents have spread abroad. The Peace concluded with Persia is a farther Security of our Tranquility. Shah Nadir's Ambassador is expected here towards the End of next Month; and nothing can be more magnificent than the Reception we are preparing for that Minister.

The Plague begins already to be felt in this Metropolis; and as the Weather is excessive hot, we dread the Consequences. All the foreign Ministers are retired to their Country Houses.

This Day are publish'd,

Neatly printed in OCTAVO,

THE MAXIMS of GOVERNMENT: In an Advice to a Republic, shewing how it ought to govern itself in order to perpetuate its Dominion. In which are also consider'd, the several Interests of all the Princes of Europe, with respect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father PAUL, Counsellor of State.

ESSAYS on several Moral Subjects. In Three Parts, viz. I. Upon Pride, Cloaths, Duelling, General Kindness, and the Weakness of Human Reason. II. Of Fame, Music, the Value of Life, the Spleen, Friendship and Popularity, a Thought, of the Entertainment of Books, Confidence, Envy, against Despair, of Covetousness, Liberty, Old Age, and Pleasure. III. Of Pain, Revenge, Authors, Power, Infancy and Youth, Riches and Poverty, Whoredom, Drunkenness Usury, Solitude, Discontent, and Gaming. By JEREMY COLLIER, M. A. The SIXTH EDITION.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden-Ball, opposite the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

This Day is published,

(Price One Shilling)

A Philosophical and Chymical Analysis of ANTIMONY: Giving a rational Account of the Nature, Principles, and Properties of that celebrated Drug, its various Chymical Preparations, and particularly one that is not only

An effectual CURE *for the present* DISTEMPER *among the* CATTLE,

but a PRESERVATIVE from the INFECTION; with Directions how to manage them while under Cure. And several critical REMARKS on the modern Authors, who have treated of ANTIMONY.

By an EMINENT PHYSICIAN.

Printed for J. DAVIDSON, at the Angel in the Poultry; And Sold at the Pamphlet Shops of London and Westminster.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price One Shilling)

LIBERTY and RIGHT;

OR,

An ESSAY, Historical and Political, on the CONSTITUTION and ADMINISTRATION of *Great-Britain.*

Humbly offer'd to the Consideration of every Man, but more especially to the Consideration of the ELECTORS and FREEHOLDERS of Great Britain, and their REPRESENTATIVES in Parliament.

Ut enim tutela sic procuratio Republicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commissi sunt, non ad eorum quibus commissa est, gerenda est. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium consulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciosissimam in civitatem inducunt, seditione atque discordiam; ex quo evenit, ut alii populares, alii studiosi optimi cujusque, videantur; pauci universorum. *Idem.*

Sold by J. ROBINSON in Ludgate-Street, and G. STRAHAN at the Golden-Ball, opposite to the Royal Exchange; also at all the Booksellers and Pamphlet-Shops in London and Westminster.

N. B. The above is enter'd in Stationers-Hall.

BANKRUPTS.

William Corbett, of Southwark, in the County of Surry, Linnen-draper and Hosier.

John Smith, of the City of Bristol, Merchant.

Lawrence Eakman, of the Parish of St. Paul, Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler and Chapman.

This Day is published,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Physical Advice to those who have allready injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-bed; together with divers Casuistical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia, concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Resemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well-wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now sold (Mr. ISTED, Bookseller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetstreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleetstreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 2 s. 6 d.

The most wonderful cleansing and strengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weaknesses and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miscarriages in Women; and to cleanse and strengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangurles, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained such Repute, that near 20000 Bottles have been sold since April 1734, *that they were first publish'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Disorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were prescrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obstinate Gleet and Weakness, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harrass'd with Electuaries, Bolusses, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Prescription (which he has still upon his File) has made Use of them ever since to Numbers of People in the very worst of Gleets, seminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Disorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmost Success and Safety; as also in all Weaknesses from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, excessive Coition, Self Pollution, seminal Emissions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Cases thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meanest Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of so divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 2 s. 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more especially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the most draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weaknesses of the Seminals and Genitals, as also of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleansing and healing, or a more strengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will say, by their soon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards restoring in these Weaknesses than any others can in ten, and is of so corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapse, even in the tenderest Constitutions, which can hardly be said of any other Medicines; and it is withal so elegantly pleasant to the Palate, and so agreeable to the Stomach that the nicest Person is delighted with it.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr. Johnson, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-street, near Clare-Market, sealed up, with Directions, for any Messenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 2 s 6 d.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe than confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, doat once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them; inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearances, they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and clean the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Huydon Yard in the Minories at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL *judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.*

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Venereal Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt paid.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr.* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may ſet their Servants or Lacquiers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY

His Houſe faces Norfolk-Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The ſo much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, flaſhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other almoſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, reſtifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Hoit's at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill for 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts ASTHMA's; *And all Diſorders of the* BREAST *and* LUNGS, *Directly and Infallibly cured,*

By the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has reſtor'd ſo many Thouſands labouring under the deepeſt Conſumptions and moſt deplorable Aſthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days time, after all other the moſt celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once ſtrikes at, and abſolutely eradicates the firſt Principle or Cauſe of Conſumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as alſo of Aſthma's or ſhortneſs of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid ſalts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obſtructing Viſcoſities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in Ten.

It aſſuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a meer Skeleton and immediately cures the moſt tedious waſting and almoſt ſuffocating Cough, Hoarſneſs, Wheezing, ſhortneſs of Breath, difficulty of breathing, pain or weight in the Breaſt, ſpitting of Blood, ſore in the Stomach, Throat, or Windpipe; alſo Catarrhs or Defluctions of ſharp Rheum, and all Phyſical and Aſthmatick Effects Hectick Fever, Melting Night Sweats and Diarrhœa's or Looſeneſſes in a pleaſant and moſt agreeable Manner.

It is balſamick healing and ſtrengthening beyond Compariſon, reſtores in all inward waſtings, weakneſs, and Decay of Conſtitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, cauſes free and eaſy Reſpiration or long Breathing, and ſpeedily and infallibly cures Aſthma's and all ſorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever ſo bad without the leaſt Diſorder, Trouble or Confinement; and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be ſurely depended upon for the intire Cure of thoſe Maladies.

Nor can the whole Materia Medica, afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this moſt noble *Chymical Elixir* has ſo juſtly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of *CONSUMPTIONS* and *ASTHMA's* &c. has occaſion'd many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right which is to be had only at Mr. *RADFORD's* Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions and at no other Place in *England*.

For the EYES,

The ſo much fam'd CHYMICAL LIQUOR,

WHICH at once infallibly cures all Inflammation, Bloodſhot-Sorenels, and Weakneſs of the EYES, Defluxions of ſharp Humours Dimneſs of Sight, Specks, Films, or beginning Cataracts and that after all other Means have fail'd, and without cauſing the leaſt Trouble or Uneaſineſs in uſing.

It directly heals and cures all Manner of Soreneſs of the Eyes in Children or grown Perſons, tho' of many Years ſtanding, be it either of the dry, itching and ſmarting Kind, or moiſt Rheumy or Watering, and whether proceeding from the Evil, or any other Diſtemper.

It effectually takes away all Specks, Films, or incipient Cataracts to Admiration, as alſo all Flies, or Gnats, that ſeem to ſwim before the Sight; it wonderfully ſtrengthens the Optick Nerves, comforts the Eyes, immediately removes all Dazzling and Dimneſs, clearing the Sight, and infallibly preſerving it ſtrong and good to exceeding old Age.

Hundreds who were ſo very dim-ſighted for ſome Years, as ſcarce-ly able to diſtinguiſh any thing, and imagin'd their Age to be the Occaſion, have been perfectly and almoſt inſtantly cured by it, ſo as to read the ſmalleſt Print without Spectacles; and for Opthalmies or Sore, Bloodſhot, or Rheumy Eyes, no Medicine upon Earth can come near it, Thouſands of Men, Women, and Children, have been cured by it of the very worſt ſort almoſt upon the Spot, and Blindneſs been prevented in Abundance, who had tried all other Remedies in vain, inſomuch that it may be almoſt accounted a miraculous Remedy.

No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will, after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two blue Poſts in Huydon-Yard in the Minories London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of *former* Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; or it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or Glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever afflicted with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

DIRECTORY, Given Gratis.

Green Hatch Holborn

IN Which, In the Chapter, Under the Title, Of the Beginning of a Venereal Injury,

Any Venereal, or GLEET Patient will Plainly See their OWN Caſe Exactly Deſcribed, To Know it Perfectly by without Any Farther Advice About it.

And How to Cure themſelves Privately; Without Telling their Caſe to Any One. With The Famous Montpellier Little Eaſy Bolus, the Bignets of Only a PEA, to Take. And Which, Makes the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before, in Great Miſery And, Another Little BOLUS Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulneſs of a GLEET.

The Succeſs of this Peculiar Venereal Specifick Medicine is ſo Great, that Not One of the Numbers, that Daily Take it, Miſs of hating the Venereal Infection Carried off by it.

This, being that Great Specifick Medicine, which, During the Many Years, it has been now Publiſhed, has Gained ſuch a Reputation, On Account of it's Two following Properties.

Viz. That TWO Only of theſe moſt eaſy (being the Bignets of a PEA) to take Little Boluſſes, in Common Venereal Injuries, And FOUR only of them in Worſe Caſes, Carry off a Venereal Infection, without Telling your Caſe, or Suſpicion, Even to a Bedfellow.——So that,

What Other Medicines are Long About, and Betray the Perſon into the Bargain, This little Medicine performs a Shorter Way, without any Trouble, making the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before in Great Miſery, So that Perſons moſt Miſerably Harraſſed with a Running, Scalding of Urine, Cordee, Sores on the Urinary Part, &c have been Soon Privately Well by it.

Price Only 2s. Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Always with it, For Thoſe who BUY it. But, It is GIVEN GRATIS

Without Paying Any Thing at all, for it,

To Thoſe, Mention'd in the Chapter, Under the Title, Of Having this Bolus GIVEN GRATIS, in the Above mentioned Venereal Treatiſe,

Which is Given Gratis, At Dr. Ruſſell's Houſe,

In the Parlour, Strait Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, againſt Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN.

This Incomparable Little BOLUS, is the Only SHORT Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe, ONE or TWO of them Performing a Cure, which Large Quantities of Other Medicines, Taken Before, could not do.

And This it is, that has, During the Many Years it has been publiſhed, Gained it ſuch a Vaſt Reputation, and made it Daily ſo Eſteemed, for its ſo Immediately carrying off a Venereal Infection, and the Foulneſs of a GLEET.——That

Not One of the Medicines Publiſhed for the Diſtemper come up to it, for ſo Short, Eaſy, and Private a Cure——That

Perſons Haraſſed with a Troubleſome Running, Smarting of Urine, Cordee, Pains, &c. have been ſo Very Soon Well by it, and No Body has Known Any thing of it.

LONDON: Printed for J. PURSER, in *Red-Lion Court, Fleet-ſtreet.* Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.